

Monday 6 April 2020 11:00 – 12:00



Your Speakers

Rachael Ingle



Garry Clark



Anna Marie O'Sullivan



Betty O'Reilly



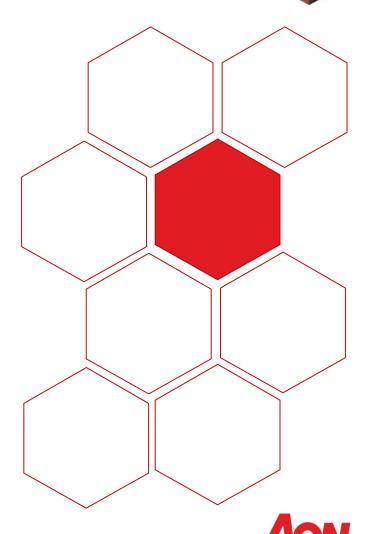
Paddy Ryan

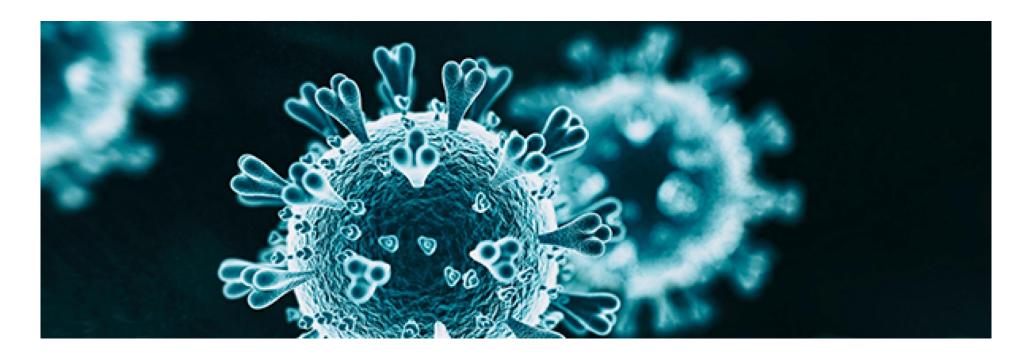


Agenda

Empower Results®

- Trustee governance
- Investment challenges
- Actuarial challenges
- Actions for schemes





Trustee Governance



Garry Clark



Focus on Governance







Governance – First Steps



Business Continuity Plans

- Do you have one?
- Is it fit for purpose?
- Is it up to date?

- Does your Constitution and/or your Trust Deed provide for virtual meetings?
- What are your quorate requirements?
- Conflicts of interest
- Key service provider/company updates
- Consider a sub-committee structure





Trustee Meeting - Context



Business Continuity Plan

- Trustees to familiarise themselves
- Follow plan
- Refine as necessary to circumstances

Pensions Authority Guidance

- Continued payment of pensions when they fall due
- Settlement of other benefits in a timely manner
- Contributions paid are remitted promptly

UK Guidance

- TPR advice to Trustees of DC & DB plans
- TPR Detailed advice to Employers
- PLSA "Top Tips" for DC & DB plans

IORP II

- Not yet transposed
- Risk management function
- Change of emphasis





Business Continuity Plans – Issues to Consider



Governance Structure

- Conflicts of interest
- Ability to make decisions
- Review signatory lists
- Contact lists
- Key person exposure
- Data protection
- Statutory time limits
- Risk register

Company & Covenant

- Impact on business
- Administrative support
- Ability to meet contribution requirements
- Early warning of issues
- Furloughs, lay offs, change in working patters

Insurance

- Maintenance of cover
- Event limits
- Expression of wish forms
- Change in employee status

Members

- Change in employee status
- Concerns and fears
- Knee jerk reactions
- Communication
- Pension payroll
- Payment of benefits
- Exposure to scams

Third Parties

- Business continuity plans
- Service levels
- Prioritisation of key processes
- Force majeure clauses





Let Technology Help You





Virtual meetings



Electronic meeting packs



Virtual document libraries



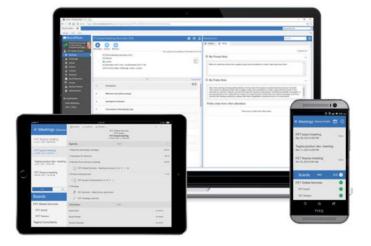
Website for member communications



Electronic signing of documents



Electronic approvals processes





What Should I Prioritise?



Next 7 Days

- Governance structure
- Covenant position and outlook
- Ensure full insurance cover

Next 30 Days

- Cash, investment and communications
- Establish future meeting structure
- Assign roles and responsibilities, agree monitoring plans

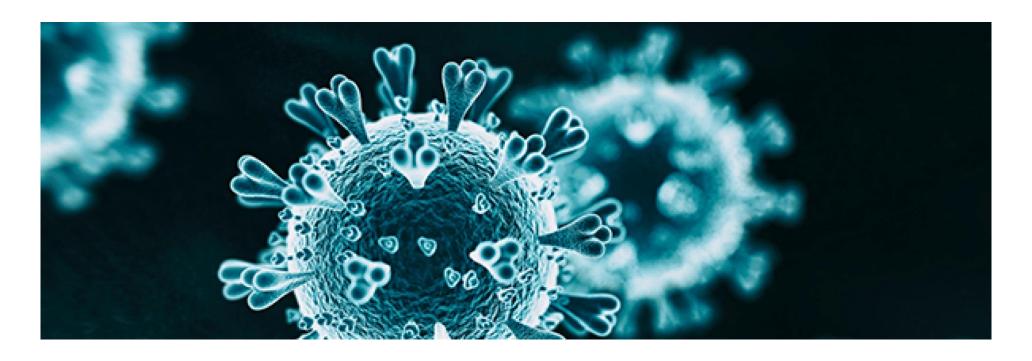
Next 60 Days

- Schedule meetings
- Review insurance
- Sign off on your business continuity plan

Next 90 Days

Business as usual in the new environment





Investment Challenges





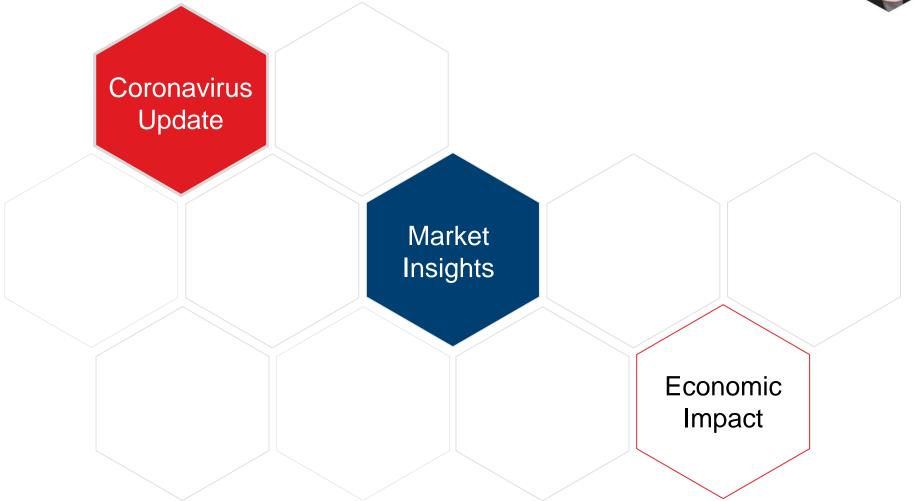


Betty O'Reilly



Focus on Investment

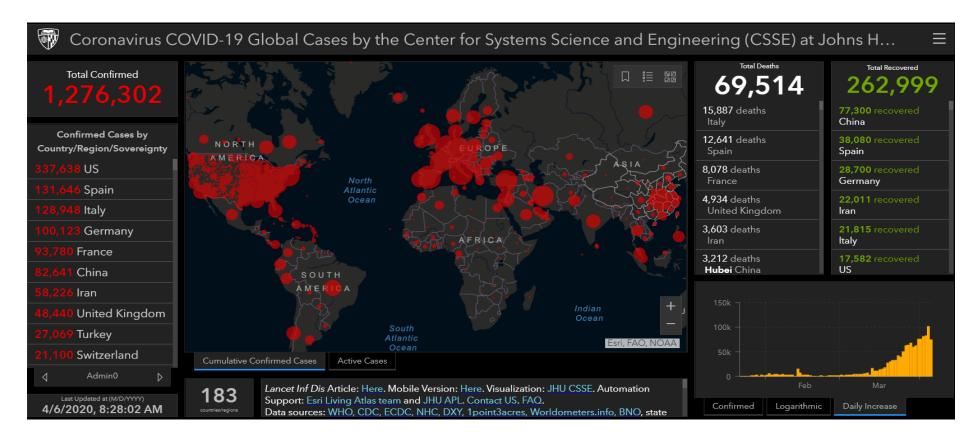






Coronavirus – A Global Healthcare Crisis





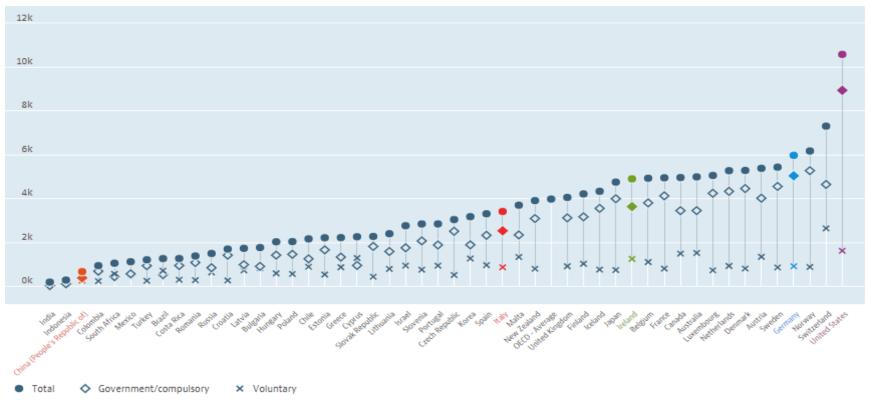
Source: Johns Hopkins University & Medicine



Health Spending



Health spending Total / Government/compulsory / Voluntary, US dollars/capita, 2018 or latest available (OECD)

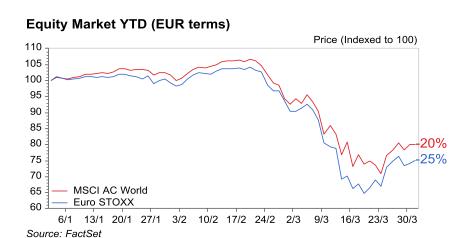


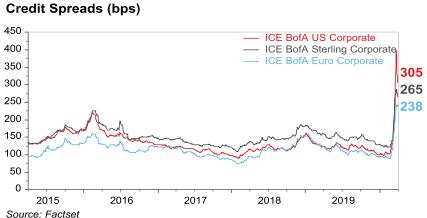
Source: OECD

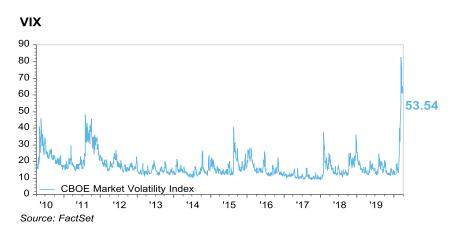


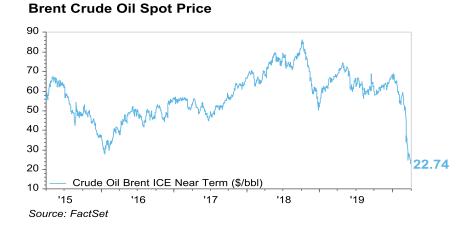
Financial Markets Reaction











Data as of 31 Mar 2020



Financial Markets Impacts - Equities

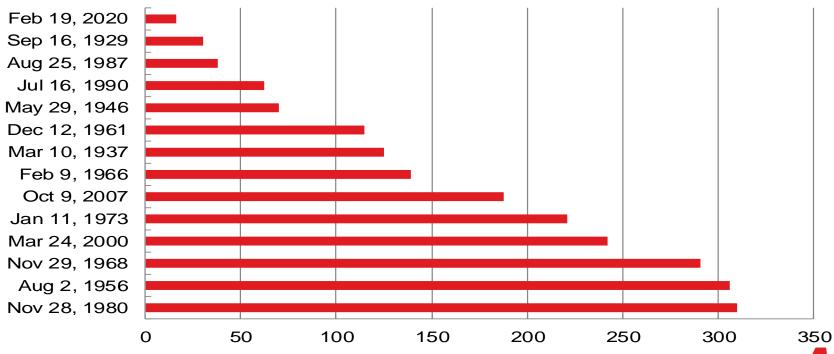




The S&P 500 took 16 days to close in a bear market

Number of trading days to close down 20% or more from its peak

Date of Market Peak



Source: Aon Calculations, S&P, FactSet



Historic Bear Markets



The table below shows historic bear market cycles and their respective one week recoveries.

Market Peak (High)	Market Trough (Low)	Peak to Trough Unannualized Performance*	Recovery (Back to Previous High)	Trough to Recovery Unannualized Performance*	Best One Week Period During Recovery**	Best One Week Performance **	% of Recovery From Best Week**
December 1972	September 1974	-42.74%	March 1976	79.28%	January 31, 1975	12.86%	16.22%
December 1976	February 1978	-17.83%	October 1980	21.65%	March 31, 1978	8.67%	40.07%
August 1981	August 1982	-19.64%	October 1982	24.29%	October 11, 1982	6.97%	28.71%
February 1985	September 1985	-18.92%	February 1986	23.85%	December 11, 1985	4.85%	20.35%
August 1987	December 1987	-30.92%	May 1989	44.98%	June 3, 1988	5.66%	12.59%
December 1989	October 1990	-36.48%	February 1993	58.03%	September 21, 1992	9.82%	16.92%
June 1991	August 1992	-19.51%	October 1992	24.39%	September 21, 1992	9.82%	40.26%
July 1998	October 1998	-23.43%	January 1999	31.60%	October 15, 1998	7.07%	22.36%
September 2000	March 2003	-53.85%	March 2013	117.28%	March 18, 2003	10.63%	9.06%
October 2007	March 2009	-40.13%	December 2010	67.84%	March 12, 2009	9.53%	14.05%
April 2015	August 2015	-16.90%	June 2016	22.55%	August 28, 2015	6.91%	30.64%
August 2018	December 2018	-16.34%	June 2019	19.71%	December 31, 2018	4.34%	22.03%



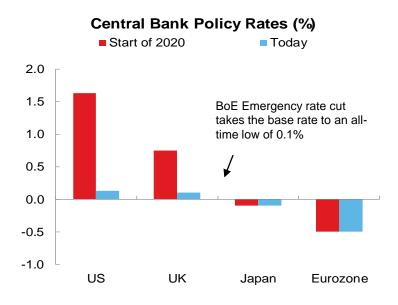
^{*} Performance is based on MSCI World Price Index Return (not the Total Return Index)

^{**} One Week is defined as 5 consecutive trading days Source: MSCI

Policy Response - Monetary

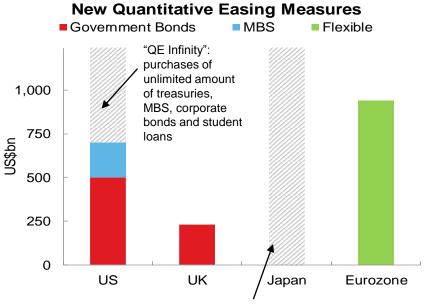


- Where possible central banks around the world have eased policy, but with rates being low there is a limit
- Unprecedented new quantitative easing measures have been announced to provide further monetary stimulus



Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: Aon, Bloomberg OIS Pricing



QE endpoint? The BoJ is extending purchases of everything from government and corporate bonds to equities ETFs



Policy Response - Fiscal



USA	 Congressional leaders and the White House have reached an agreement on a c.\$2 trillion fiscal stimulus package. The package expands jobless benefits and provides direct transfers of up to \$1,200 for Americans earning less than \$75,000 per year State of Emergency declared releasing \$50bn to States to deal with virus April tax date to be delayed, providing a \$200-300bn bridge loan to households
UK	 £330bn in loans and £20bn in other aids have been announced to provide help to businesses. The government has agreed to cover 80% of salary for employees who are unable to work due to coronavirus related shutdowns. Budget included significant fiscal stimulus measures. About a third was virus related.
Japan	 Variety of small fiscal measures passed. Two small business loan bills totaling \$20bn. \$4bn for mask production and stopping viral spread. Further stimulus measures of around 15 trillion yen (c.\$137 billion) expected
Eurozone	 Germany have launched a €156bn supplementary budget, suspending the "debt brake" constitutional rule that limits new borrowing to 0.35% of GDP Italy announced a €25bn spending package to deal with fall out from virus. France has announced emergency fiscal spending of up to €45bn.



Conclusion – Implications for DC Pension Plans



Member Concerns

- Long-Term Horizon
- Avoid Short-Term Reactions
- Time in the market, not timing the market is what matters

Investment Strategy

- How robust is your Default Strategy
- Is the range of Self-Select Options sufficient
- Degree of diversification and the extent of any concentrations of risk
- Review your Investment Governance Structure

Operational Considerations

- Operational Due Diligence on your underlying investment managers
- Using one fund platform
- Administration Platform capabilities and member switching



Conclusion – Implications for DB Pension Plans



Funding Impact

- Growth assets down across the asset class spectrum
- Liabilities unchanged year-to-date (depending on inflation linkage)
- Funding levels likely to be under pressure

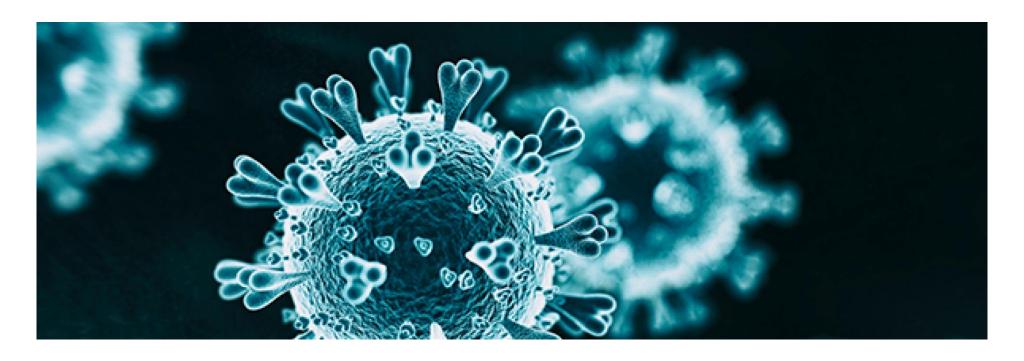
Investment Strategy

- Review long-term strategy to avail of other investment opportunities that will present post the crisis
- Lower for longer interest rates. Some asset classes will benefit (e.g. property/infrastructure etc.)
- Review your Investment Governance Structure

Considerations

- Rebalancing policy. Stick to your long term target
- Cashflow and trading implications. Trading costs elevated (credit in particular)
- Sponsor covenant and contributions





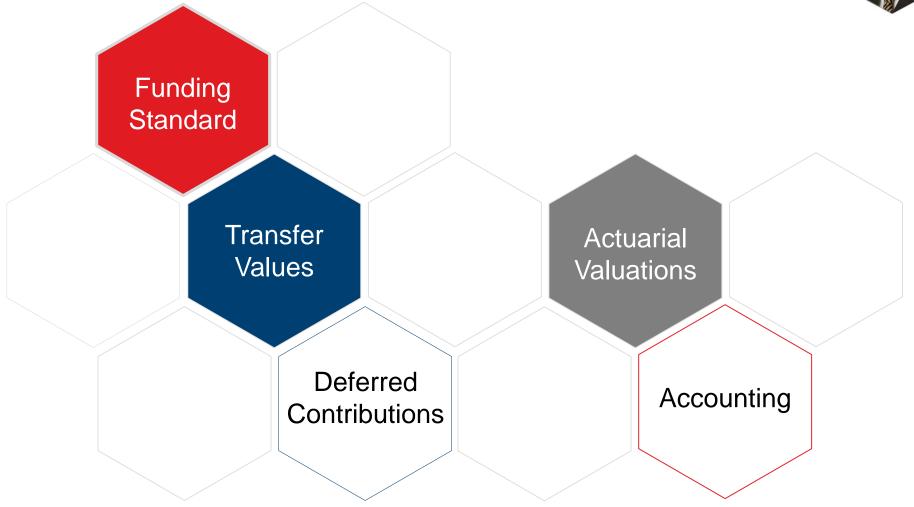
Actuarial Challenges





Focus on Actuarial







Funding Standard and Transfer Values





- Less mature schemes high likelihood they now do not satisfy the statutory funding
- Mature schemes with a matching asset strategy investment may continue to meet the funding standard
- Formal certification at the scheme year end
- New Funding Proposals requirements, planning and deadlines

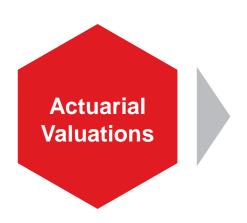


- Pensions Act power to reduce TVs for funding standard coverage level
- Immediate steps to consider:
 - No guarantee period
 - May be subject to change / reduction
 - Cease quoting TVs for a period of time



Actuarial Valuations



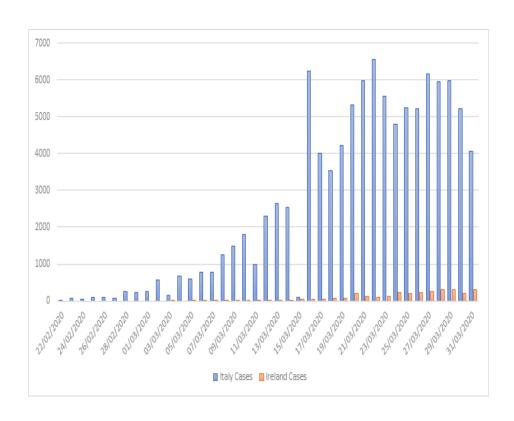


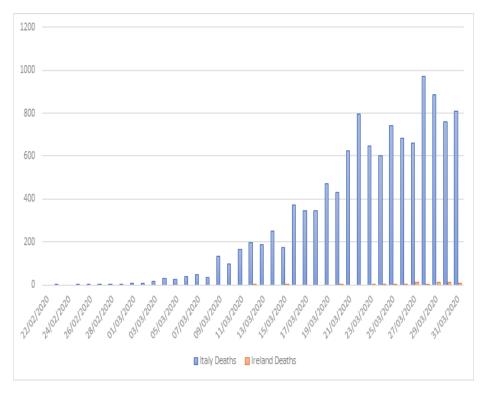
- 1 January 2020 valuations need to be completed within statutory deadline 30 September 2019
- At this stage results have been reviewed by trustees and with sponsor for consideration
- Based on 1 January market conditions the trustees may consider taking account of current market conditions
- Less willing to take into account a request from the sponsor to weaken any assumptions
- At this stage results have been reviewed by trustees and with sponsor for consideration
- Any scheme with a 1 April 2020 valuation effective date should initially review funding standard position and review preliminary results and any alternatives as soon as possible



COVID-19 longevity impact and long term on mortality assumptions









Deferring Contributions





- Obligations on employers to pass on member contributions to trustees continue
- Recent announcement by the Pensions Authority with a further announcement expected
- Consider the nature of the Sponsor industry and any current news on that sector
- Will the plan need to disinvest assets to meet current cashflow requirements
- Is reducing contributions instead of ceasing an alternative
- Agree triggers points with the company as to when contributions payments will restart again



Accounting discount rates to 31 March 2020



How are discount rates set?

The discount rate used to value accounting liabilities is set by reference to the yield on AA rated Eurozone corporate bonds of a term consistent with the duration of the liabilities

Discount rates since 31 Dec 19

Date/Duration	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years
31 Dec 19	0.80%	1.05%	1.20%	1.30%
28 Feb 20	0.45%	0.70%	0.85%	0.90%
31 Mar 20	1.55%	1.75%	1.90%	2.00%

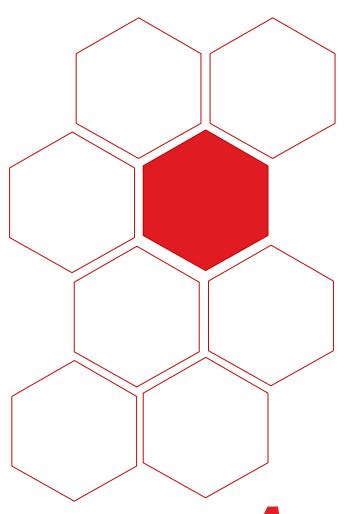


- P&L charges for 2020 are based on assumption/position at start of year -no immediate impact
- Budget cycle forecasting for FY 2021 starting and schemes with 31 March years ends will reflect current conditions
- Higher discount rates and lower inflation expectations will lead to lower accounting liabilities and service cost charges



Next Steps

- Meet as soon as possible to develop your business continuity plans
- Consider how technology can help you function in the virtual space
- Maintain a long term view and avoid short-term market reactions
- Reassess your investment strategy to ensure it is sufficiently diversified and robust for all environments
- Obtain actuarial advice from either a funding standard or accounting perspective
- Agree an approach with regards to any current or upcoming transfer value requests





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